

## **Mesa Water District**

## Active Legislation as of 12/11/2020

## Watch

**AB 62** (Gray D) Income taxes: credits: costs to comply with COVID-19

regulations. (Introduced: 12/7/2020 <a href="https://html.pdf">html</a> <a href="pdf">pdf</a>)

Status: 12/8/2020-From printer. May be heard in committee January 7.

Location: 12/7/2020-A. PRINT

Summary: The Personal Income Tax Law and the Corporation Tax Law allow various credits against the taxes imposed by those laws. Existing law requires any bill authorizing a new tax credit to contain, among other things, specific goals, purposes, and objectives that the tax credit will achieve detailed performance indicators, and data collection requirements. This bill would allow a credit against those taxes for each taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2021, to a qualified taxpayer, as defined, in an amount equal to the total amount paid or incurred during the taxable year by the qualified taxpayer to comply with the regulations adopted by the Occupational Safety and Health Standards Board on November 19, 2020, relating to COVID-19 prevention and approved by the Office of Administrative Law. The bill also would state the intent of the Legislature to comply with the additional information requirement for any bill authorizing a new income tax credit.

This bill contains other related provisions.

Organization Assigned **Position Priority** Subject Group

Mesa Water District

DKA AM

Watch

Notes 1:

(Portantino D) Wildfire Prevention, Safe Drinking Water, Drought Preparation, and Flood **SB 45** Protection Bond Act of 2022. (Introduced: 12/7/2020 <a href="https://doi.org/10.1007/j.jep.10.2007/">https://doi.org/10.1007/j.jep.10.2007/j.jep.10.2007/</a>

Status: 12/8/2020-From printer. May be acted upon on or after January 7.

Location: 12/7/2020-S. RLS.

Summary: The California Drought, Water, Parks, Climate, Coastal Protection, and Outdoor Access For All Act of 2018, approved by the voters as Proposition 68 at the June 5, 2018, statewide primary direct election, authorizes the issuance of bonds in the amount of \$4,100,000,000 pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law to finance a drought, water, parks, climate, coastal protection, and outdoor access for all program. Article XVI of the California Constitution requires measures authorizing general obligation bonds to specify the single object or work to be funded by the bonds and further requires a bond act to be approved by a 2/3 vote of each house of the Legislature and a majority of the voters. This bill would enact the Wildfire Prevention, Safe Drinking Water, Drought Preparation, and Flood Protection Bond Act of 2022, which, if approved by the voters, would authorize the issuance of bonds in the amount of \$5,510,000,000 pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law to finance projects for a wildfire prevention, safe drinking water, drought preparation, and flood protection program.

This bill contains other related provisions.

Organization

**Assigned** DKA

AM

Position Watch Subject

Group

Mesa Water District

Notes 1:

SB 52 (Dodd D) State of emergency: local emergency: sudden and severe energy shortage: planned

**Priority** 

power outage. (Introduced: 12/7/2020 <a href="https://html.pdf">html</a> <a href="pdf">pdf</a>)

Status: 12/8/2020-From printer. May be acted upon on or after January 7.

Location: 12/7/2020-S. RLS.

**Summary:** Existing law, the California Emergency Services Act, authorizes the Governor to proclaim a state of emergency, and local officials and local governments to proclaim a local emergency, when specified conditions of disaster or extreme peril to the safety of persons and property exist, and authorizes the Governor or the appropriate local government to exercise certain powers in response to that emergency. Existing law defines the terms "state of emergency" and "local emergency" to mean a duly proclaimed existence of conditions of disaster or of extreme peril to the safety of persons and property within the state or the territorial limits of a local government caused by, among other things, a sudden and severe energy shortage. Existing law defines a "sudden and severe energy shortage" as a rapid, unforeseen shortage of energy, resulting from, but not limited to, events such as an embargo, sabotage, or natural disasters, and that has statewide, regional, or local impact. This bill would expand the definition of "sudden and severe energy shortage" to include a "deenergization event," defined as a planned power outage, as specified, and would make a deenergization event one of those conditions constituting a state of emergency and a local emergency.

Organization Mesa Water

**Assigned** DKA

AM

Position Watch **Priority** 

Subject

Group

District Notes 1:

Total Measures: 3

**Total Tracking Forms: 3** 

12/11/2020 1:37:53 PM